

Effects of Marriage on Mental Health

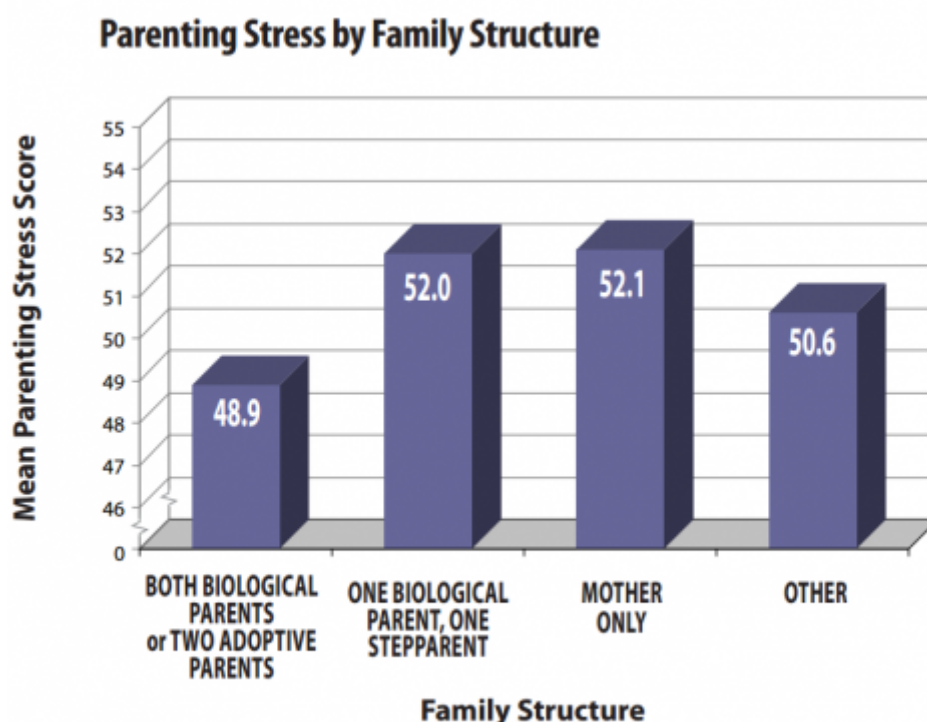
Married people are least likely to have mental disorders,¹⁾ and have higher levels of emotional and psychological well-being than those who are single, divorced, or cohabiting.²⁾ Marriage protects against feelings of loneliness.³⁾ Married mothers enjoy greater psychological well-being and [greater love and intimacy](#) than cohabiting or single mothers.⁴⁾ Marriage also has a wide range of benefits for [physical health](#).

1. Anxiety and Stress

Both adults and children in married families suffer less psychological distress than their counterparts in divorced families.⁵⁾ Married men have lower levels of stress hormones,⁶⁾ and married women experience less psychological distress.⁷⁾ Married mothers feel more love and intimacy and feel less ambivalence and experience less conflict with their husbands than do cohabiting and single women with their partners.⁸⁾

1.1 Related American Demographics

According to the National Survey of Children's Health, biological parents and adoptive parents who are married report less parenting stress (48.9) than single mothers (52.1), biological parent/stepparent families (52.0), or "other" family structure (50.6) such as single fathers.⁹⁾ (See [Chart](#) Below)



Source: National Survey of Children's Health (NSCH)

2. Depression

Those who are married report less depression¹⁰⁾ than cohabiting couples.¹¹⁾ Married mothers report less depression, more support from their partners, and more stable relationships than cohabiting mothers.¹²⁾ Adolescents living with married parents are less likely to be depressed than those in stepfamilies or single-parent families (with or without other adults present).¹³⁾

3. Suicide

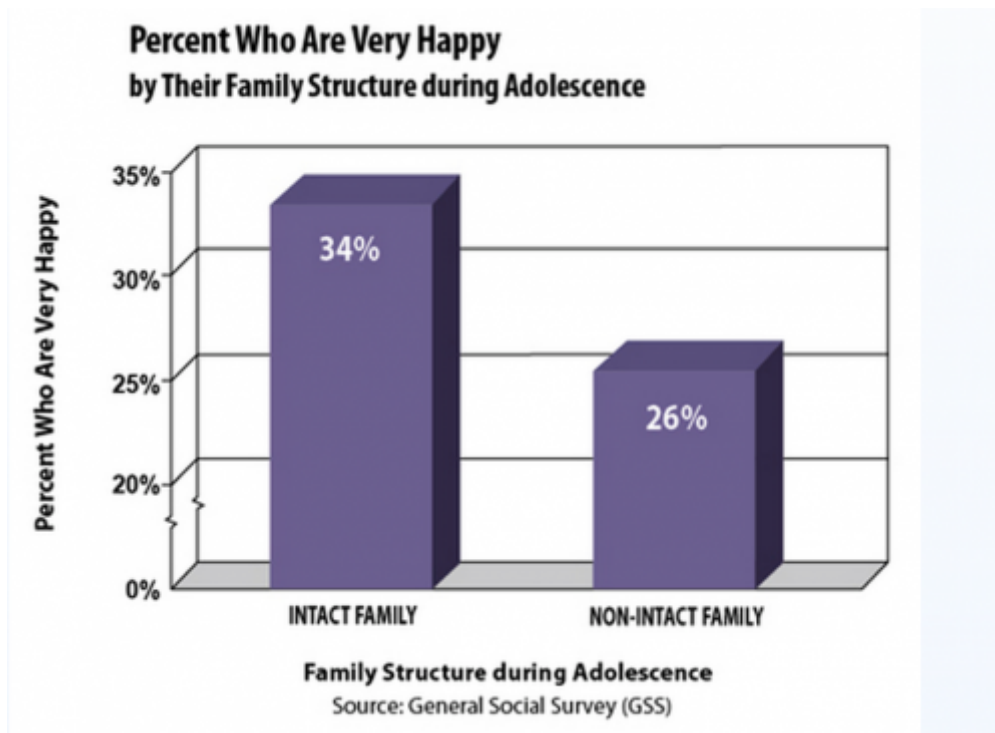
Married people are least likely to commit suicide.¹⁴⁾ Adolescents in divorced families are more likely to commit suicide.¹⁵⁾

4. Happiness

Married people are much more likely to report being happy than cohabiters,¹⁶⁾ and those who do not cohabit prior to marriage report having happier marriages than those who do cohabit.¹⁷⁾ Married people (those in intact marriages and those who have divorced and remarried) most frequently report being proud of their work.¹⁸⁾ Married mothers of infants have the most positive attitudes and report forming better home environments than single and cohabiting mothers.¹⁹⁾

4.1 Related American Demographics

A larger fraction of those raised in an intact family consider themselves “very happy” than those raised in non-intact families.²⁰⁾ (See [Chart](#) Below)



5. Drug and Alcohol Use

Married individuals are more likely to cease using marijuana, due in part to improvements in self-control.²¹⁾ Continuously married adults less frequently report that they sometimes drink too much.²²⁾ Married women have fewer alcohol problems.²³⁾ African-Americans who are married have lower rates of excessive drinking and drug use.²⁴⁾

Adolescents from intact married families are less likely to use cocaine than those from divorced families.²⁵⁾ Teenagers from intact families are less likely to begin smoking than those with never-married or divorced single parents.²⁶⁾

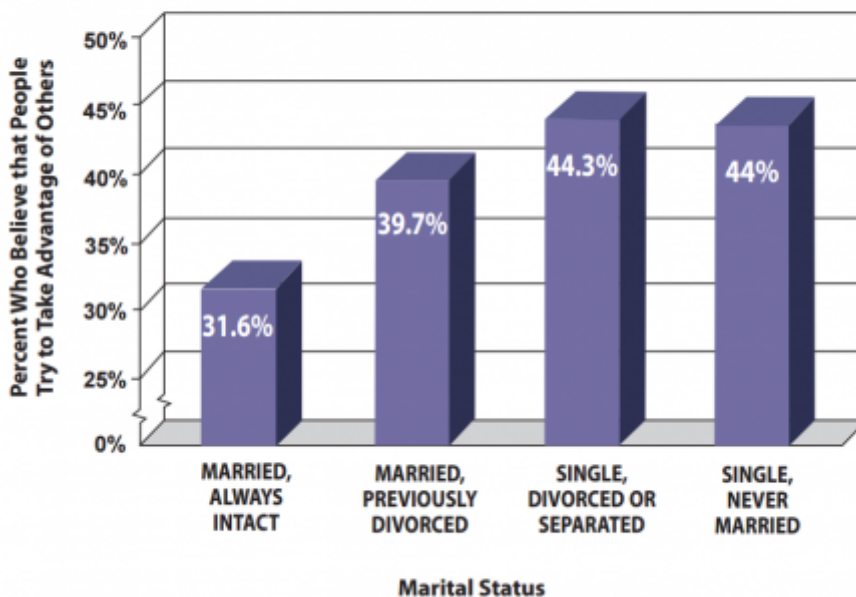
6. Community

Older married couples enjoy more social support than older cohabiters,²⁷⁾ and married mothers enjoy more social support than cohabiting or single mothers.²⁸⁾ Those in intact marriages less often report believing that most people would try to take advantage of others. Married parents spend more on education and less on alcohol and Tabaco as compared to cohabiting parents.²⁹⁾

6.1 Related American Demographics

According to the General Social Survey (GSS), always-intact married adults are less likely than married, previously divorced adults or unmarried adults to believe that most people would try to take advantage of others.³⁰⁾ (See [Chart](#) Below)

“Belief That People Try to Take Advantage of Others” by Marital Status



Source: General Social Survey (1972-2006)

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²⁾ Susan L. Brown, “Relationship Quality Dynamics of Cohabiting Unions,” *Journal of Family Issues* 24, no. 5 (2003): 583-601.

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³⁾ Randy Page and Galen Cole, "Demographic Predictors of Self-Reported Loneliness in Adults," *Psychological Reports* 68 (1991): 939-945. As cited in Glenn T. Stanton, "Why Marriage Matters," Available at

http://www.focusonthefamily.com/marriage/gods_design_for_marriage/marriage_gods_idea/why_marriage_matters_for_adults.aspx#footnoteRef17, accessed 12 April, 2013.

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⁴⁾ , ⁸⁾ Stacy Rosenkrantz Aronson and Aletha C. Huston, "The mother-infant relationship in single, cohabiting, and married families: a case for marriage?" *Journal of Family Psychology* 18, no. 1 (March 2004): 5-18. As cited by The Heritage Foundation: Family Facts. Available at

<http://www.familyfacts.org/search?q=huston%20and%20aronson&type=findings&page=1>. Accessed 1 September 2011.

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⁹⁾ This chart draws on data collected by the National Center for Health Statistics in the National Survey of Children's Health (NSCH) in 2003. The data sample consisted of parents of 102,353 children and teens in all 50 states and the District of Columbia. 68,996 of these children and teens were between six and 17 years old, the age group that was the focus of the study. The survey sample in this age range represented a population of nearly 49 million young people nationwide.

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¹⁶⁾ Steven Stack and J. Ross Eshleman, "Marital Status and Happiness: A 17-Nation Study," *Journal of Marriage and the Family* 60 (1998): 527-536. As cited in Daniel Lees, "The Psychological Benefits of Marriage" Research Note, (April 2007): 1-4. Available at

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¹⁹⁾ , ²⁸⁾ Stacy Rosenkrantz Aronson and Aletha C. Huston, "The mother-infant relationship in single, cohabiting, and married families: a case for marriage?" *Journal of Family Psychology* 18, no. 1 (March 2004): 5-18. As cited by The Heritage Foundation: Family Facts. Available at <http://www.familyfacts.org/search?q=huston%20and%20aronson&type=findings&page=1>. Accessed 1 September 2011

²⁰⁾ This chart draws on data collected by the General Social Survey, 1972-2006. From 1972 to 1993, the sample size averaged 1,500 each year. No GSS was conducted in 1979, 1981, or 1992. Since 1994, the GSS has been conducted only in even-numbered years and uses two samples per GSS that total approximately 3,000. In 2006, a third sample was added for a total sample size of 4,510. Patrick F. Fagan and Althea Nagai, "Intergenerational Links to Happiness: Family Structure." Available at <http://www.frc.org/mappingamerica/mapping-america-50-intergenerational-links-to-happiness-family-structure>. Accessed 26 August 2011.

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